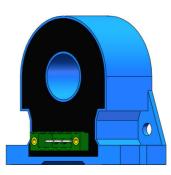
# Hall effect Current Sensor

**SCK11** 



# **Product description:**

## Features

- Based on the Hall effect measurement principle, open loop circuit method.
- The isolation voltage between primary and secondary is greater than 3000VAC.
- Designed according to UL94-V0 flame retardant rating.
- Standing and lying two installation methods.

#### Performance

- It can measure DC, AC, pulse, and various irregular waveform currents of cable conductors -1under isolation conditions.
- High measurement accuracy, wide range, fast response speed, low zero drift, low temperature drift, small overshoot, and good linearity.
- The dynamic performance (DI/DT and response time) is the best when the busbar is completely filled with the primary perforation.
- Strong ability to resist external electromagnetic interference (ESD, EFT, CS, CE, BCI, dv/dt, etc.).

## Application

• It can be widely used in inverters, UPS, photovoltaic inverters, electric vehicle drives, high-frequency power supplies, inverter welding machines and other products.

## **Implementation standards**

- GB/T 7665-2005
- JB/T 7490-2007
- JB/T 25480-2010
- JB/T 9473-2020
- SJ 20792-2000

## Certifications



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## **Technical Parameters**

Model	SCK11T-						
Parameters (25°C)	50A	100A	200A	4	300A	500A	600A
Primary Current (A)I <sub>PN</sub>	50A 100A		200A	200A		500A	600A
Primary Current Max. Peak Value (A) I <sub>PM</sub>	±150A	±300A	±600.	A	±900A	±1200A	±1200A
Output voltage (V) $V_{out} @\pm I_{PN}$ , $R_L=10K\Omega$	±4V±1%						
Electrical Data							-
Item			Min.		Typical	Max.	Unit
Input power supply voltage range Vc (±5%) (Remark 1, Remark 2)			±11		±15	±18	V <sub>DC</sub>
Current consumption Ic			-		±15	±20	mA
Withstand resistance R <sub>INS</sub> @500V DC			1000		-	-	MΩ
Output voltage Vout $@I_{PN}$ , R <sub>L</sub> =10K $\Omega$ , T <sub>A</sub> = 25 °C			3.960		4.000	4.040	V
Output internal resistance R <sub>OUT</sub>			-		102	-	Ω
Load Resistance R <sub>L</sub> (Remark 3)			1		10	-	KΩ
Accuracy X $@I_{PN}$ , $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$			-		±1	-	%
Linearity $\varepsilon_L$ @ $R_L$ =10K $\Omega$ , $T_A$ = 25°C			-		±0.5	-	%I <sub>PN</sub>
Offset voltage $V_{OE} @T_A = 25^{\circ}C$			-		±10	±20	mV
Hysteresis voltage $V_{OM}$ @ $I_{PN} \rightarrow 0$			-		±10	±20	mV
Temperature Coefficient of Offset Voltage TCV <sub>OE</sub>			-		±0.5	±1	mV/°C
Output voltage temperature coefficient TCV <sub>out</sub>			-		±0.05	±0.1	%₀/°C
Response time $t_D @ 0 \rightarrow I_{PN}$			-		3	5	us
Ambient operating temperature T <sub>A</sub>			-40		25	125	°C
Ambient storage temperature T <sub>s</sub>			-40		25	125	°C
Withstand voltage V <sub>D</sub> @50Hz,60s,0.1mA					3000		V <sub>AC</sub>
Weight m					110		g

Remark:

1. If VC is less than the minimum value, the measurement will be inaccurate. If VC is greater than the maximum value, it may cause permanent failure of the measuring device.

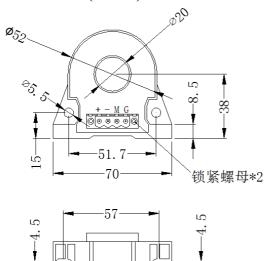
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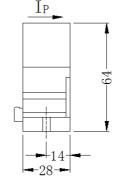
2. When  $\pm 12V \le V_{CC} \le \pm 15V$ , will reduce the measurement range.

3. 
$$V_{OUT} = 4.00 * \frac{R_L}{102 + R_L} * \frac{I_P}{I_{PN}} + V_{OE}$$

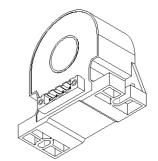
4. di/dt > 50A/uS

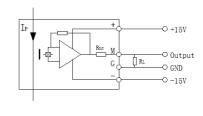
#### **Dimensions (in mm)**











- 3 -

Note:

2

1. Size error: ±1mm;

2. Primary aperture: φ20mm;

3.5

3. Fastening hole: φ4.5mm\*2;

4. Output terminal: 2EDGIV-5.08-4P;

Mating plug: 2EDGIK-5.08-4P;

5. The IP indication direction is the positive direction of the current;

8.2

- 6. The temperature of the primary conductor shall not exceed 105°C;
- 7. Incorrect wiring may cause damage to the sensor.

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